

Write your name here

Surname

Other names

In the style of:

Edexcel GCSE

Centre Number

Candidate Number

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Mathematics A

Transformation of Curves

Higher Tier

Past Paper Style Questions
Arranged by Topic

Paper Reference
1MA0/1H

You must have: Ruler graduated in centimetres and millimetres,
protractor, pair of compasses, pen, HB pencil, eraser. Tracing
paper may be used.

Total Marks

Instructions

- Use **black** ink or ball-point pen.
- **Fill in the boxes** at the top of this page with your name, centre number and candidate number.
- Answer **all** questions.
- Answer the questions in the spaces provided
– *there may be more space than you need.*
- **Calculators must not be used.**



Information

- The total mark for this paper is 100
- The marks for **each** question are shown in brackets
– *use this as a guide as to how much time to spend on each question.*
- Questions labelled with an **asterisk (*)** are ones where the quality of your written communication will be assessed.

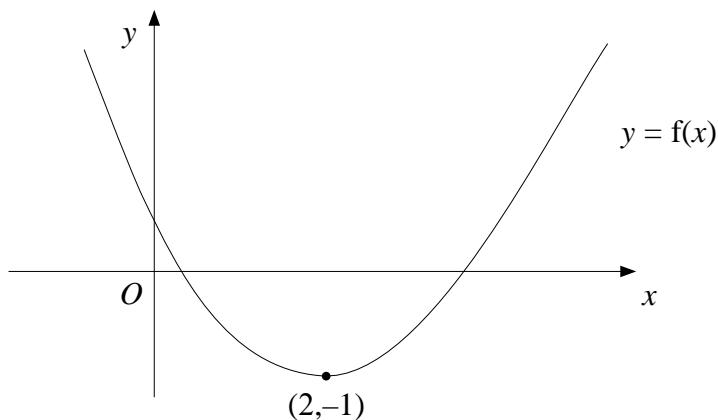
Advice

- Read each question carefully before you start to answer it.
- Keep an eye on the time.
- Try to answer every question.
- Check your answers if you have time at the end.

Turn over ►



1.



The diagram shows part of the curve with equation $y = f(x)$

The minimum point of the curve is at $(2, -1)$

(a) Write down the coordinates of the minimum point of the curve with equation

(i) $y = f(x - 2)$

.....

(ii) $y = 2f(x)$

.....

(iii) $y = f(2x)$

.....

(3)

The curve $y = f(x)$ is reflected in the y axis.

(b) Find the equation of the curve following this transformation.

$y = \dots$ (1)

The curve with equation $y = f(x)$ has been transformed to give the curve with equation $y = f(x) + 2$

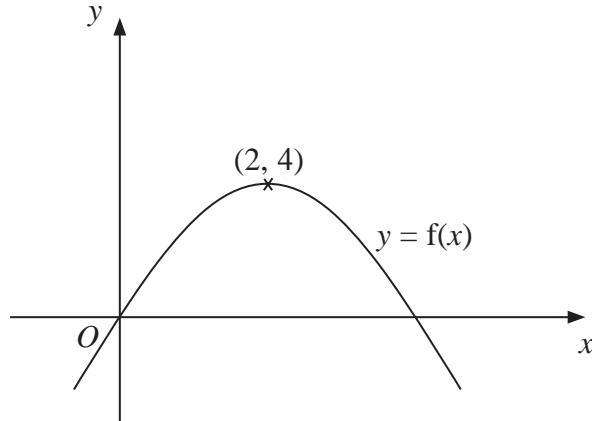
(c) Describe the transformation.

..... (1)

(Total 5 marks)



2.



The diagram shows part of the curve with equation $y = f(x)$.
The coordinates of the maximum point of this curve are $(2, 3)$.

Write down the coordinates of the maximum point of the curve with equation

(a) $y = f(x - 2)$

(.....,)
(1)

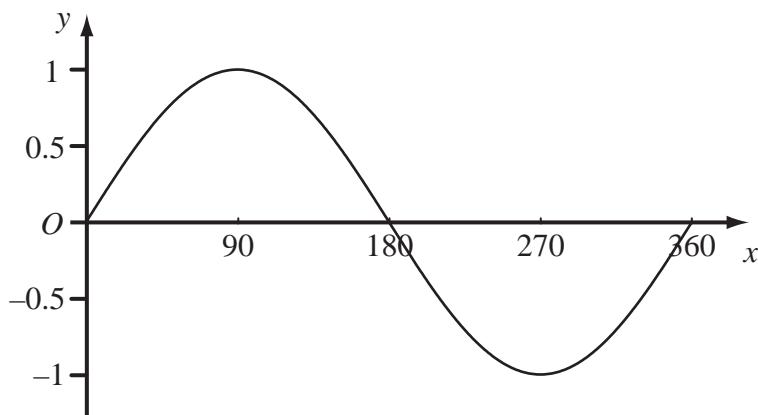
(b) $y = 2f(x)$

(.....,)
(1)

(Total 2 marks)



3. The diagram shows a sketch of the curve $y = \sin x^\circ$ for $0 \leq x \leq 360$



The exact value of $\sin 60^\circ = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$

(a) Write down the exact value of

(i) $\sin 120^\circ$,

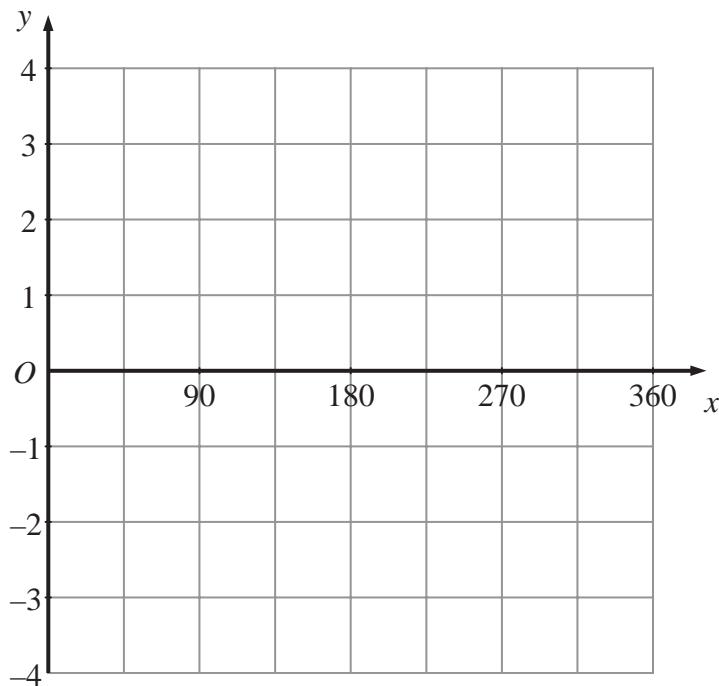
.....

(ii) $\sin 300^\circ$.

.....

(2)

(b) On the grid below, sketch the graph of $y = 3 \sin 2x^\circ$ for $0 \leq x \leq 360$

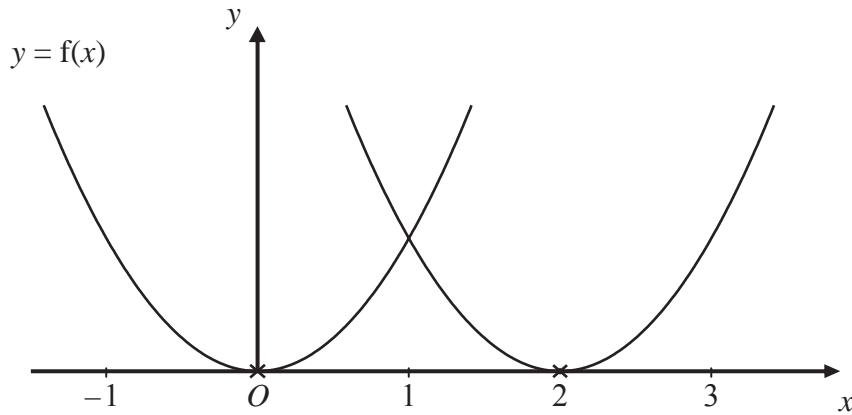


(2)

(Total 4 marks)

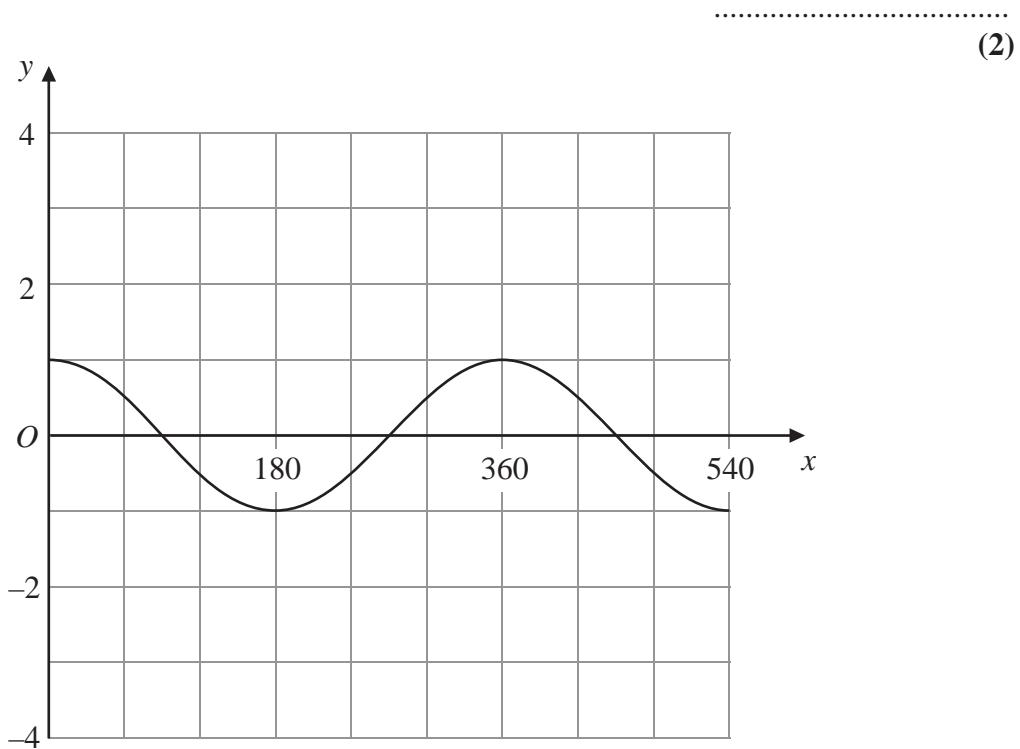


4.



The curve with equation $y = f(x)$ is translated so that the point at $(0, 0)$ is mapped onto the point $(2, 0)$.

- (a) Find an equation of the translated curve.



The grid shows the graph of $y = \cos x^\circ$ for values of x from 0 to 540

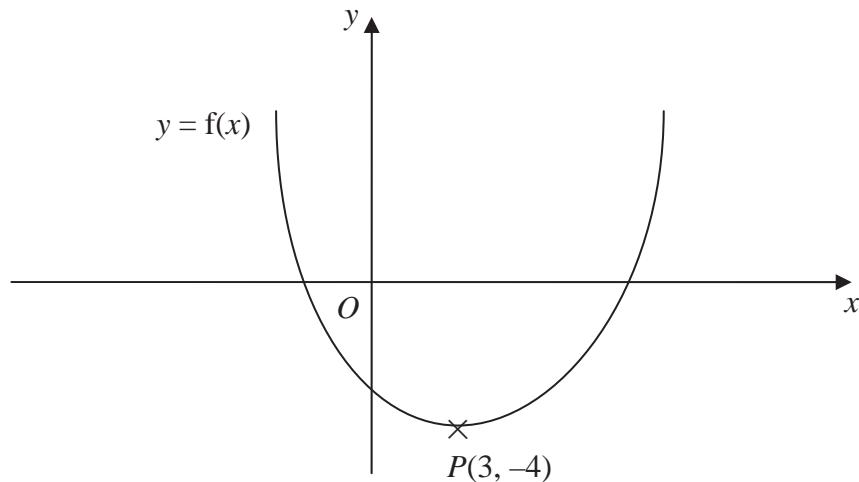
- (b) On the grid, sketch the graph of $y = 3 \cos(2x^\circ)$ for values of x from 0 to 540

(2)

(Total 4 marks)



5. This is a sketch of the curve with the equation $y = f(x)$.
The only minimum point of the curve is at $P(3, -4)$.



- (a) Write down the coordinates of the minimum point of the curve with the equation
 $y = f(x - 2)$

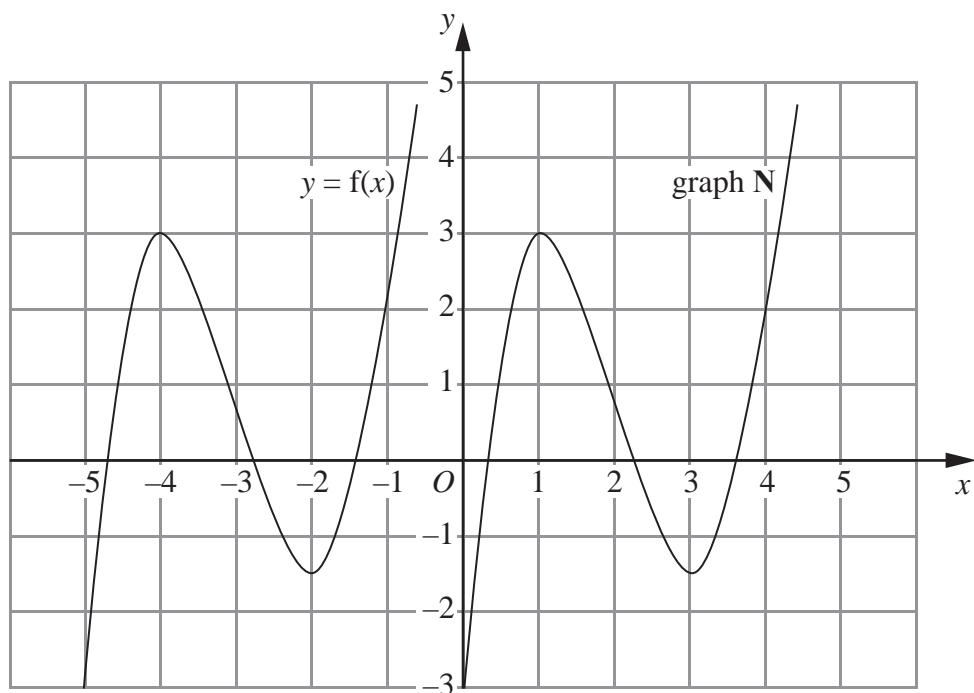
(.....,)
(2)

- (b) Write down the coordinates of the minimum point of the curve with the equation
 $y = f(x + 5) + 6$

(.....,



6. The graph of $y = f(x)$ is shown on the grid.



The graph N is a translation of the graph of $y = f(x)$.

- (a) Write down in terms of f , the equation of graph N

$$y = \dots \quad (1)$$

The graph of $y = f(x)$ has a maximum point at $(-4, 3)$.

- (b) Write down the coordinates of the maximum point of the graph of $y = f(-x)$.

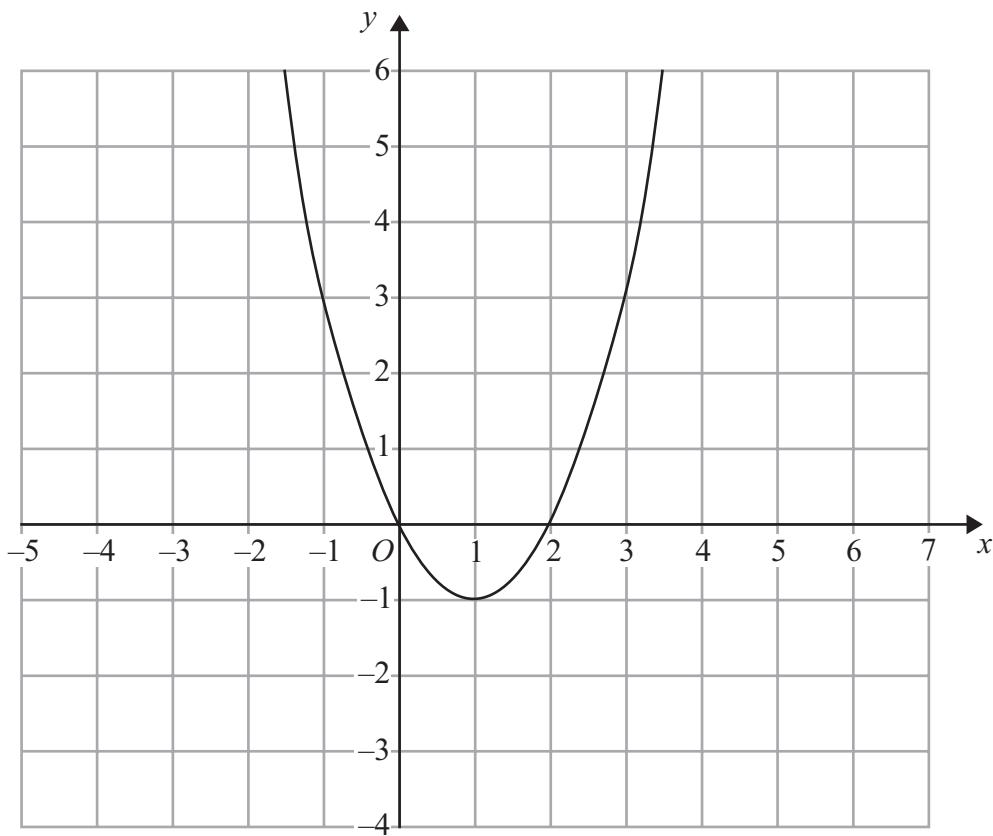
$$(\dots, \dots) \quad (2)$$

(Total 3 marks)



7. The graph of $y = f(x)$ is shown on each of the grids.

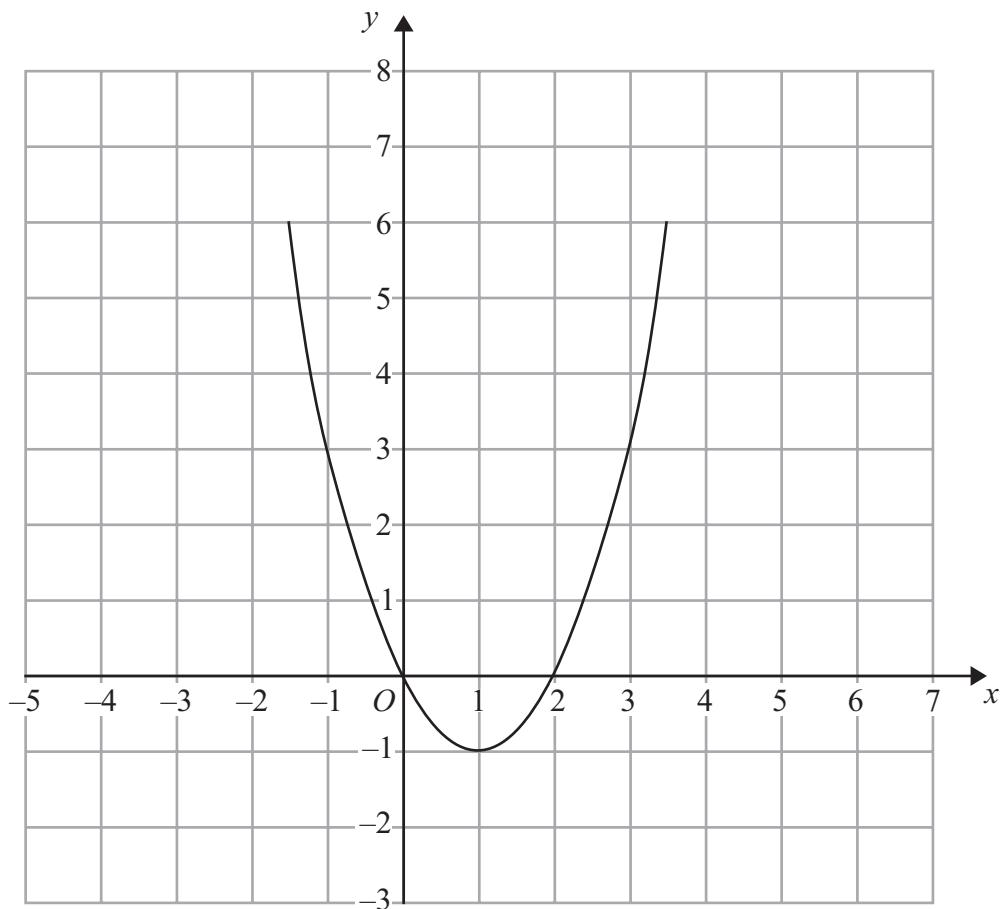
- (a) On this grid, sketch the graph of $y = f(x - 2)$



(2)



(b) On this grid, sketch the graph of $y = 2f(x)$



(Total 4 marks)



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